

**ELECTION SCHEDULE AMENDMENTS**

2022 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

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**LONG TITLE****General Description:**

This bill amends scheduling provisions of the Election Code.

**Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- ▶ modifies the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy and conforms signature-gathering deadlines and the candidate certification deadline to that modification;
- ▶ clarifies provisions relating to the schedule for redistricting local school board districts; and
- ▶ makes technical and conforming changes.

**Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

None

**Other Special Clauses:**

None

**Utah Code Sections Affected:**

AMENDS:

- 20A-9-202**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 183
- 20A-9-407**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 4
- 20A-9-408**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 4
- 20A-9-409**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 4
- 20A-14-201**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 162 and 345
- 63I-2-220**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 101

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*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

Section 1. Section **20A-9-202** is amended to read:

**20A-9-202. Declarations of candidacy for regular general elections.**

(1) (a) An individual seeking to become a candidate for an elective office that is to be

filled at the next regular general election shall:

(i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), file a declaration of candidacy in person with the filing officer on or after January 1 of the regular general election year, and, if applicable, before the individual circulates nomination petitions under Section 20A-9-405; and

(ii) pay the filing fee.

(b) Unless expressly provided otherwise in this title, for a registered political party that is not a qualified political party, the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy for an elective office that is to be filled at the next regular general election is 5 p.m. on the first Monday after the ~~[third]~~ fourth Saturday in April.

(c) Subject to Subsection 20A-9-201(7)(b), an individual may designate an agent to file a declaration of candidacy with the filing officer if:

(i) the individual is located outside of the state during the entire filing period;

(ii) the designated agent appears in person before the filing officer;

(iii) the individual communicates with the filing officer using an electronic device that allows the individual and filing officer to see and hear each other; and

(iv) the individual provides the filing officer with an email address to which the filing officer may send the individual the copies described in Subsection 20A-9-201(5).

(d) Each county clerk who receives a declaration of candidacy from a candidate for multicounty office shall transmit the filing fee and a copy of the candidate's declaration of candidacy to the lieutenant governor within one business day after the candidate files the declaration of candidacy.

(e) Each day during the filing period, each county clerk shall notify the lieutenant governor electronically or by telephone of candidates who have filed a declaration of candidacy with the county clerk.

(f) Each individual seeking the office of lieutenant governor, the office of district attorney, or the office of president or vice president of the United States shall comply with the specific declaration of candidacy requirements established by this section.

(2) (a) Each individual intending to become a candidate for the office of district attorney within a multicounty prosecution district that is to be filled at the next regular general election shall:

(i) file a declaration of candidacy with the clerk designated in the interlocal agreement

64 creating the prosecution district on or after January 1 of the regular general election year, and  
65 before the individual circulates nomination petitions under Section 20A-9-405; and

66 (ii) pay the filing fee.

67 (b) The designated clerk shall provide to the county clerk of each county in the  
68 prosecution district a certified copy of each declaration of candidacy filed for the office of  
69 district attorney.

70 (3) (a) Before the deadline described in Subsection (1)(b), each lieutenant governor  
71 candidate shall:

72 (i) file a declaration of candidacy with the lieutenant governor;

73 (ii) pay the filing fee; and

74 (iii) submit a letter from a candidate for governor who has received certification for the  
75 primary-election ballot under Section 20A-9-403 that names the lieutenant governor candidate  
76 as a joint-ticket running mate.

77 (b) (i) A candidate for lieutenant governor who fails to timely file is disqualified.

78 (ii) If a candidate for lieutenant governor is disqualified, another candidate may file to  
79 replace the disqualified candidate.

80 (4) Before 5 p.m. no later than August 31, each registered political party shall:

81 (a) certify the names of the political party's candidates for president and vice president  
82 of the United States to the lieutenant governor; or

83 (b) provide written authorization for the lieutenant governor to accept the certification  
84 of candidates for president and vice president of the United States from the national office of  
85 the registered political party.

86 (5) (a) A declaration of candidacy filed under this section is valid unless a written  
87 objection is filed with the clerk or lieutenant governor before 5 p.m. on the last business day  
88 that is at least 10 days before the deadline described in Subsection 20A-9-409(4)(c).

89 (b) If an objection is made, the clerk or lieutenant governor shall:

90 (i) mail or personally deliver notice of the objection to the affected candidate  
91 immediately; and

92 (ii) decide any objection within 48 hours after it is filed.

93 (c) If the clerk or lieutenant governor sustains the objection, the candidate may cure the  
94 problem by amending the declaration or petition before 5 p.m. within three days after the day

on which the objection is sustained or by filing a new declaration before 5 p.m. within three days after the day on which the objection is sustained.

(d) (i) The clerk's or lieutenant governor's decision upon objections to form is final.

(ii) The clerk's or lieutenant governor's decision upon substantive matters is reviewable by a district court if prompt application is made to the court.

(iii) The decision of the district court is final unless the Supreme Court, in the exercise of its discretion, agrees to review the lower court decision.

(6) Any person who filed a declaration of candidacy may withdraw as a candidate by filing a written affidavit with the clerk.

(7) (a) Except for a candidate who is certified by a registered political party under Subsection (4), and except as provided in Section 20A-9-504, before 5 p.m. no later than August 31 of a general election year, each individual running as a candidate for vice president of the United States shall:

(i) file a declaration of candidacy, in person or via a designated agent, on a form developed by the lieutenant governor, that:

(A) contains the individual's name, address, and telephone number;

(B) states that the individual meets the qualifications for the office of vice president of the United States;

(C) names the presidential candidate, who has qualified for the general election ballot, with which the individual is running as a joint-ticket running mate;

(D) states that the individual agrees to be the running mate of the presidential candidate described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(C); and

(E) contains any other necessary information identified by the lieutenant governor;

(ii) pay the filing fee; and

(iii) submit a letter from the presidential candidate described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(C) that names the individual as a joint-ticket running mate as a vice presidential candidate.

(b) A designated agent described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) may not sign the declaration of candidacy.

(c) A vice presidential candidate who fails to meet the requirements described in this Subsection (7) may not appear on the general election ballot.

(8) An individual filing a declaration of candidacy for president or vice president of the

126 United States shall pay a filing fee of \$500.

127 Section 2. Section **20A-9-407** is amended to read:

128 **20A-9-407. Convention process to seek the nomination of a qualified political**  
129 **party.**

130 (1) This section describes the requirements for a member of a qualified political party  
131 who is seeking the nomination of a qualified political party for an elective office through the  
132 qualified political party's convention process.

133 (2) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-201(7)(a), the form of the declaration of  
134 candidacy for a member of a qualified political party who is nominated by, or who is seeking  
135 the nomination of, the qualified political party under this section shall be substantially as  
136 described in Section 20A-9-408.5.

137 (3) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(a), and except as provided in Subsection  
138 20A-9-202(4), a member of a qualified political party who, under this section, is seeking the  
139 nomination of the qualified political party for an elective office that is to be filled at the next  
140 general election, shall:

141 (a) except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(c), file a declaration of candidacy in  
142 person with the filing officer ~~[on or after the second Friday in March and before 5 p.m. on the~~  
143 ~~third Thursday in March before the next regular general election; and];~~

144 (i) on or after 48 days after the day on which the Legislature's general session begins,  
145 as provided in Section 36-3-201; and

146 (ii) before 5 p.m. 52 days after the day on which the Legislature's general session  
147 begins, as provided in Section 36-3-201; and

148 (b) pay the filing fee.

149 (4) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(2)(a), a member of a qualified political  
150 party who, under this section, is seeking the nomination of the qualified political party for the  
151 office of district attorney within a multicounty prosecution district that is to be filled at the next  
152 general election shall:

153 (a) file a declaration of candidacy with the county clerk designated in the interlocal  
154 agreement creating the prosecution district ~~[on or after the second Friday in March and before 5~~  
155 ~~p.m. on the third Thursday in March before the next regular general election; and];~~

156 (i) on or after 48 days after the day on which the Legislature's general session begins,

157 as provided in Section 36-3-201; and

158 (ii) before 5 p.m. 52 days after the day on which the Legislature's general session  
159 begins, as provided in Section 36-3-201; and

160 (b) pay the filing fee.

161 (5) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(3)(a)(iii), a lieutenant governor candidate  
162 who files as the joint-ticket running mate of an individual who is nominated by a qualified  
163 political party, under this section, for the office of governor shall, before the deadline described  
164 in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(b), file a declaration of candidacy and submit a letter from the  
165 candidate for governor that names the lieutenant governor candidate as a joint-ticket running  
166 mate.

167 (6) (a) A qualified political party that nominates a candidate under this section shall  
168 certify the name of the candidate to the lieutenant governor before the deadline described in  
169 Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(b).

170 (b) The lieutenant governor shall include, in the primary ballot certification or, for a  
171 race where a primary is not held because the candidate is unopposed, in the general election  
172 ballot certification, the name of each candidate nominated by a qualified political party under  
173 this section.

174 (7) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-701(2), the ballot shall, for each candidate who  
175 is nominated by a qualified political party under this section, designate the qualified political  
176 party that nominated the candidate.

177 Section 3. Section **20A-9-408** is amended to read:

178 **20A-9-408. Signature-gathering process to seek the nomination of a qualified**  
179 **political party.**

180 (1) This section describes the requirements for a member of a qualified political party  
181 who is seeking the nomination of the qualified political party for an elective office through the  
182 signature-gathering process described in this section.

183 (2) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-201(7)(a), the form of the declaration of  
184 candidacy for a member of a qualified political party who is nominated by, or who is seeking  
185 the nomination of, the qualified political party under this section shall be substantially as  
186 described in Section 20A-9-408.5.

187 (3) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(a), and except as provided in Subsection

20A-9-202(4), a member of a qualified political party who, under this section, is seeking the nomination of the qualified political party for an elective office that is to be filled at the next general election shall:

(a) within the period beginning on January 1 before the next regular general election and ending at 5 p.m. ~~[on the third Thursday in March of the same year]~~ 52 days after the day on which the Legislature's general session begins, as provided in Section 36-3-201, and before gathering signatures under this section, file with the filing officer on a form approved by the lieutenant governor a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy that includes:

(i) the name of the member who will attempt to become a candidate for a registered political party under this section;

(ii) the name of the registered political party for which the member is seeking nomination;

(iii) the office for which the member is seeking to become a candidate;

(iv) the address and telephone number of the member; and

(v) other information required by the lieutenant governor;

(b) except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(c), file a declaration of candidacy, in person, with the filing officer ~~[on or after the second Friday in March and before 5 p.m. on the third Thursday in March before the next regular general election, and]~~:

(i) on or after 48 days after the day on which the Legislature's general session begins, as provided in Section 36-3-201; and

(ii) before 5 p.m. 52 days after the day on which the Legislature's general session begins, as provided in Section 36-3-201; and

(c) pay the filing fee.

(4) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(2)(a), a member of a qualified political party who, under this section, is seeking the nomination of the qualified political party for the office of district attorney within a multicounty prosecution district that is to be filled at the next general election shall:

(a) on or after January 1 before the next regular general election, and before gathering signatures under this section, file with the filing officer on a form approved by the lieutenant governor a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy that includes:

(i) the name of the member who will attempt to become a candidate for a registered

219 political party under this section;

220 (ii) the name of the registered political party for which the member is seeking

221 nomination;

222 (iii) the office for which the member is seeking to become a candidate;

223 (iv) the address and telephone number of the member; and

224 (v) other information required by the lieutenant governor;

225 (b) except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(c), file a declaration of candidacy,

226 in person, with the filing officer [~~on or after the second Friday in March and before 5 p.m. on~~

227 ~~the third Thursday in March before the next regular general election; and~~];

228 (i) on or after 48 days after the day on which the Legislature's general session begins,

229 as provided in Section 36-3-201; and

230 (ii) before 5 p.m. 52 days after the day on which the Legislature's general session

231 begins, as provided in Section 36-3-201; and

232 (c) pay the filing fee.

233 (5) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(3)(a)(iii), a lieutenant governor candidate

234 who files as the joint-ticket running mate of an individual who is nominated by a qualified

235 political party, under this section, for the office of governor shall, before the deadline described

236 in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(b), file a declaration of candidacy and submit a letter from the

237 candidate for governor that names the lieutenant governor candidate as a joint-ticket running

238 mate.

239 (6) The lieutenant governor shall ensure that the certification described in Subsection

240 20A-9-701(1) also includes the name of each candidate nominated by a qualified political party

241 under this section.

242 (7) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-701(2), the ballot shall, for each candidate who

243 is nominated by a qualified political party under this section, designate the qualified political

244 party that nominated the candidate.

245 (8) A member of a qualified political party may seek the nomination of the qualified

246 political party for an elective office by:

247 (a) complying with the requirements described in this section; and

248 (b) collecting signatures, on a form approved by the lieutenant governor, during the

249 period beginning on January 1 of an even-numbered year and ending at 5 p.m. 14 days before



the day on which the qualified political party's convention for the office is held, in the following amounts:

(i) for a statewide race, 28,000 signatures of registered voters in the state who are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election;

(ii) for a congressional district race, 7,000 signatures of registered voters who are residents of the congressional district and are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election;

(iii) for a state Senate district race, 2,000 signatures of registered voters who are residents of the state Senate district and are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election;

(iv) for a state House district race, 1,000 signatures of registered voters who are residents of the state House district and are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election;

(v) for a State Board of Education race, the lesser of:

(A) 2,000 signatures of registered voters who are residents of the State Board of Education district and are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election; or

(B) 3% of the registered voters of the qualified political party who are residents of the applicable State Board of Education district; and

(vi) for a county office race, signatures of 3% of the registered voters who are residents of the area permitted to vote for the county office and are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election.

(9) (a) In order for a member of the qualified political party to qualify as a candidate for the qualified political party's nomination for an elective office under this section, the member shall:

(i) collect the signatures on a form approved by the lieutenant governor, using the same circulation and verification requirements described in Sections 20A-7-204 and 20A-7-205; and

(ii) submit the signatures to the election officer before 5 p.m. no later than 14 days before the day on which the qualified political party holds the party's convention to select candidates, for the elective office, for the qualified political party's nomination.

(b) An individual may not gather signatures under this section until after the individual files a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy described in this section.

(c) An individual who files a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Subsection (3)(a) or (4)(a), is, beginning on the day on which the individual files the notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy:

(i) required to comply with the reporting requirements that a candidate for office is required to comply with; and

(ii) subject to the same enforcement provisions, and civil and criminal penalties, that apply to a candidate for office in relation to the reporting requirements described in Subsection (9)(c)(i).

(d) Upon timely receipt of the signatures described in Subsections (8) and (9)(a), the election officer shall, no later than the earlier of 14 days after the day on which the election officer receives the signatures, or one day before the day on which the qualified political party holds the convention to select a nominee for the elective office to which the signature packets relate:

(i) check the name of each individual who completes the verification for a signature packet to determine whether each individual is a resident of Utah and is at least 18 years old;

(ii) submit the name of each individual described in Subsection (9)(d)(i) who is not a Utah resident or who is not at least 18 years old to the attorney general and the county attorney;

(iii) determine whether each signer is a registered voter who is qualified to sign the petition, using the same method, described in Section 20A-7-206.3, used to verify a signature on a petition; and

(iv) certify whether each name is that of a registered voter who is qualified to sign the signature packet.

(e) Upon timely receipt of the signatures described in Subsections (8) and (9)(a), the election officer shall, no later than one day before the day on which the qualified political party holds the convention to select a nominee for the elective office to which the signature packets relate, notify the qualified political party and the lieutenant governor of the name of each member of the qualified political party who qualifies as a nominee of the qualified political party, under this section, for the elective office to which the convention relates.

(f) Upon receipt of a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy described in

312 this section, the lieutenant governor shall post the notice of intent to gather signatures for  
313 candidacy on the lieutenant governor's website in the same location that the lieutenant governor  
314 posts a declaration of candidacy.

315 Section 4. Section **20A-9-409** is amended to read:

316 **20A-9-409. Primary election provisions relating to qualified political party.**

317 (1) The regular primary election is held on the date specified in Section 20A-1-201.5.

318 (2) (a) A qualified political party that nominates one or more candidates for an elective  
319 office under Section 20A-9-407 and does not have a candidate qualify as a candidate for that  
320 office under Section 20A-9-408, may, but is not required to, participate in the primary election  
321 for that office.

322 (b) A qualified political party that has only one candidate qualify as a candidate for an  
323 elective office under Section 20A-9-408 and does not nominate a candidate for that office  
324 under Section 20A-9-407, may, but is not required to, participate in the primary election for  
325 that office.

326 (c) A qualified political party that nominates one or more candidates for an elective  
327 office under Section 20A-9-407 and has one or more candidates qualify as a candidate for that  
328 office under Section 20A-9-408 shall participate in the primary election for that office.

329 (d) A qualified political party that has two or more candidates qualify as candidates for  
330 an elective office under Section 20A-9-408 and does not nominate a candidate for that office  
331 under Section 20A-9-407 shall participate in the primary election for that office.

332 (3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), in an opt-in county, as defined in Section  
333 17-52a-201 or 17-52a-202, a qualified political party shall participate in the primary election  
334 for a county commission office if:

335 (a) there is more than one:

336 (i) open position as defined in Section 17-52a-201; or

337 (ii) midterm vacancy as defined in Section 17-52a-201; and

338 (b) the number of candidates nominated under Section 20A-9-407 or qualified under  
339 Section 20A-9-408 for the respective open positions or midterm vacancies exceeds the number  
340 of respective open positions or midterm vacancies.

341 (4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4), a candidate is "unopposed" if:

342 (i) no individual other than the candidate receives a certification, from the appropriate

filing officer, for the regular primary election ballot of the candidate's registered political party for a particular elective office; or

(ii) for an office where more than one individual is to be elected or nominated, the number of candidates who receive certification, from the appropriate filing officer, for the regular primary election of the candidate's registered political party does not exceed the total number of candidates to be elected or nominated for that office.

(b) Before the deadline described in Subsection (4)(c), the lieutenant governor shall:

(i) provide to the county clerks:

(A) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county, single county, and county offices who have received certifications from the appropriate filing officer, along with instructions on how those names shall appear on the primary election ballot in accordance with Section 20A-6-305; and

(B) a list of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated by a registered political party; and

(ii) instruct the county clerks to exclude unopposed candidates from the primary election ballot.

(c) The deadline described in Subsection (4)(b) is 5 p.m. on the first Wednesday after the ~~[third]~~ fourth Saturday in April.

Section 5. Section **20A-14-201** is amended to read:

**20A-14-201. Boards of education -- School board districts -- Creation --**

**Redistricting.**

(1) (a) The county legislative body, for local school districts whose boundaries encompass more than a single municipality, and the municipal legislative body, for local school districts contained completely within a municipality, shall divide the local school district into local school board districts as required under Subsection 20A-14-202(1)(a).

(b) The county and municipal legislative bodies shall divide the school district so that the local school board districts are substantially equal in population and are as contiguous and compact as practicable.

(2) (a) County and municipal legislative bodies shall ~~[reapportion district boundaries]~~ redistrict local school board districts to meet the population, compactness, and contiguity requirements of this section:

(i) at least once every 10 years;

(ii) if a new school district is created:

(A) within 45 days after the canvass of an election at which voters approve the creation of a new school district; and

(B) at least 60 days before the candidate filing deadline for a school board election;

(iii) whenever school districts are consolidated;

(iv) whenever a school district loses more than 20% of the population of the entire school district to another school district;

(v) whenever a school district loses more than 50% of the population of a local school board district to another school district;

(vi) whenever a school district receives new residents equal to at least 20% of the population of the school district at the time of the last [reapportionment] redistricting because of a transfer of territory from another school district; and

(vii) whenever it is necessary to increase the membership of a board [from five to seven members] as a result of changes in student membership under Section 20A-14-202.

(b) If a school district receives territory containing less than 20% of the population of the transferee district at the time of the last [reapportionment] redistricting, the local school board may assign the new territory to one or more existing school board districts.

(3) (a) [Reapportionment] Redistricting does not affect the right of any school board member to complete the term for which the member was elected.

(b) (i) After [reapportionment] redistricting, representation in a local school board district shall be determined as provided in this Subsection (3).

(ii) If only one board member whose term extends beyond [reapportionment] redistricting lives within a [reapportioned] redistricted local school board district, that board member shall represent that local school board district.

(iii) (A) If two or more members whose terms extend beyond [reapportionment] redistricting live within a [reapportioned] redistricted local school board district, the members involved shall select one member by lot to represent the local school board district.

(B) The other members shall serve at-large for the remainder of their terms.

(C) The at-large board members shall serve in addition to the designated number of board members for the board in question for the remainder of their terms.

(iv) If there is no board member living within a local school board district whose term extends beyond ~~[reapportionment]~~ redistricting, the seat shall be treated as vacant and filled as provided in this part.

(4) (a) If, before an election affected by ~~[reapportionment]~~ redistricting, the county or municipal legislative body that conducted the ~~[reapportionment]~~ redistricting determines that one or more members shall be elected to terms of two years to meet this part's requirements for staggered terms, the legislative body shall determine by lot which of the ~~[reapportioned]~~ redistricted local school board districts will elect members to two-year terms and which will elect members to four-year terms.

(b) All subsequent elections are for four-year terms.

(5) Within 10 days after any local school board district boundary change, the county or municipal legislative body making the change shall send an accurate map or plat of the boundary change to the Utah Geospatial Resource Center created under Section 63A-16-505.

Section 6. Section **63I-2-220** is amended to read:

**63I-2-220. Repeal dates -- Title 20A.**

~~[(1) On January 1, 2021:]~~

~~[(a) Subsection 20A-1-201.5(1), the language that states "Except as provided in Subsection (4)," is repealed:]~~

~~[(b) Subsection 20A-1-201.5(4) is repealed:]~~

~~[(c) Subsections 20A-1-204(1)(a)(i) through (iii) are repealed and replaced with the following:]~~

~~["(i) the fourth Tuesday in June; or]~~

~~["(ii) the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November."]~~

~~[(d) In Subsections 20A-1-503(4)(c), 20A-9-202(3)(a), 20A-9-403(3)(d)(ii), 20A-9-407(5) and (6)(a), and 20A-9-408(5), immediately following the reference to Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(b), the language that states "(i) or (ii)" is repealed:]~~

~~[(e) Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(b) is repealed and replaced with the following:]~~

~~["(b) Unless expressly provided otherwise in this title, for a registered political party that is not a qualified political party, the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy for an elective office that is to be filled at the next regular general election is 5 p.m. on the first Monday after the third Saturday in April."]~~

436           ~~[(f) Subsection 20A-9-409(4)(c) is repealed and replaced with the following:]~~  
437           ~~["(c) The deadline described in Subsection (4)(b) is 5 p.m. on the first Wednesday after~~  
438 ~~the third Saturday in April.".]~~  
439           ~~[(2)]~~ (1) Subsection 20A-5-803(8) is repealed July 1, 2023.  
440           ~~[(3)]~~ (2) Section 20A-5-804 is repealed July 1, 2023.  
441           ~~[(4)]~~ (3) Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot  
442 Project, is repealed January 1, 2026.  
443           ~~[(5) Section 20A-7-407 is repealed January 1, 2021.]~~  
444           ~~[(6) Section 20A-1-310 is repealed January 1, 2021.]~~